

The Banner.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO

FRANK HARPER, Editor

Semi-Weekly

5 MONUMENT SQUARE

Subscription Rate—\$1.50 per year
Entered at the Mt. Vernon, O., post-office as second class mail matter.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

Governor—Judge J. Harmon.
Lieut. Gov.—Albee Pomeroy.
Supreme Judges—Maurice H. Donahue, James Johnson.
Attorney General—Timothy S. Hogan.
Secretary of State—Chas. F. Graves.
State Treasurer—D. S. Greener.
Clerk Supreme Court—Frank McKean.
Dairy and Food Com.—S. B. Strode.
School Commissioner—Frank W. Miller.
Board Public Works—J. A. States.
Congressman—William O. Sharp.
Circuit Judge—Robert S. Shinde.
State Senator—Wetland D. Gray.
Representative—Samuel H. Goshall.
Clerk of Courts—Chas. W. Hayes.
Sheriff—Peter J. Parker.
Auditor—Irvin Young.
Commissioners—William Lewis, Leonard Britton, Theodore M. Dill.
Treasurer—Lloyd M. Bell.
Recorder—Ben. R. Parker.
Surveyor—Arthur C. Wade.
Prosecuting Attor.—B. B. Perrenbaugh.
Infirmary Directors—James W. Cox, Frank E. Cotton, Halsey Levering.
Coroner—J. C. Winterberger.

HARDING ON HYSTERIA

(Cleveland Press)

Have you worried about the high cost of living?

Have you worried because everything you eat, wear and use has gone up so high in price that you have a mighty tough time of it making both ends meet?

If you have, you've been wasting mental energy. So quit worrying. Cut it out. Forget it. Nothing to it at all. There's no high cost of living. The country's all right and the flag still waves. The tariff is all right, and the G. O. P. elephant is still tramping grass. Prices are all right. Everything's all right—but YOU.

And the trouble with you is that YOU are hysterical. So forget your meat bill, your grocery bill, your shoe bill, your clothing bill—forget all bills, call in the family doctor. And take something for hysteria.

Who says so?

Harding—Warren G. Harding of Marion—Republican candidate for governor of Ohio by grace of the Hon. George B. Cox of Cincinnati, and his 96 votes from Hamilton-co.

As Harding sees it "those who cry out against high prices are like the hysterical old woman. High prices are not due to the tariff, and it is worth more to live today than in the imperial purple days of ancient Rome."

So take that. And quit crying out against the high cost of living. It might hurt business—especially, just now, Harding's business of being elected Boss Cox's governor of Ohio.

If food is high, spurn the ignoble grocer and butcher—show your independence and stand pat.

If shoes and clothing are high—turn up your nose at modern costumes, wrap yourself up in a purple Roman toga, or a horse blanket, go bare-footed and stand pat.

Didn't the grand old Republican party strike the shackles from the sore ankles of a few million of slaves? Sure thing.

Didn't the grand old Republican party of Harding, Cox and Dick protect the noble American workman from competition with the pauper labor of Europe and put the steel trust's feet in the public trough? Certainly.

Doesn't the grand old Republican party still wave the star spangled banner o'er the land of the free and the home of the brave? Assuredly.

Why, then, should you get hysterical?

Very rude of you, indeed.

So calm down. Don't think. Let George do it. Or Aldrich, Cannon, Cox, Harding and Dick.

Isn't any grand old party worth all this high cost of living costs?

By all means. So stand pat. Hang on to the past. Don't be progressive. Stand pat. Back up. Keep your eye on the birdie while Harding presses the bulb.

And above all things, don't get hysterical. Or agitated. You might forget to vote your party ticket.

HARMON'S OPENING SPEECH

In the news columns of today's Banner is carried the speeches made at the opening of the Democratic state campaign at Canton by Gov. Harmon and other speakers. The speech by Gov. Harmon is the first one of a political character made by him since his nomination in June, and his utterances will attract wide-spread interest. It is a characteristically strong speech by the governor, in which he gives an honest account of his stewardship, and ably and forcefully discusses state questions and other subjects that are uppermost in the public mind. It is a speech that all persons, women as well as men, should read. It is an honest presentation of matters of vital concern to the whole people, and is commended to the readers of the Banner for careful perusal.

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION MAY BE INDUSTRIAL SLAVERY

(Newark Advocate)

The pronouncement of Warren G. Harding, in his speech opening the Republican State Campaign at Kenton, September 17th, in favor of a compulsory arbitration law in Ohio, has injected into the campaign and into state politics a hitherto unheard of issue.

(It must be remembered that when Mr. Harding was a member of the Senate a few years ago he voted to kill such a measure.)

It may be presumed that it is the intention of Mr. Harding to take advantage of the unrest of the laboring people growing out of the Columbus strike and attract them to his banner by means of this issue. He evidently thinks that it does not matter whether the employers of labor approve of it or not, if per chance he can in this year of grace attract the labor vote. This play then being made for this purpose and for this purpose alone it is well to examine how this scheme would if carried out affect the laborer.

For this purpose we may pass by the objection, however, well founded it is, and about this there can be no question, that such a scheme would be utterly contrary to the Constitution of Ohio.

However, that may be and conceding that there is no legal objection to it, how would it effect the laborers?

Compulsory arbitration, if it means anything, means this, that whenever there is a strike either in existence or threatened, growing out of a disagreement between employers and employees, whether about wages, hours of work, recognition of a union or what not, the matters in dispute must be submitted to a board or court of arbitration whose decision must in all cases be binding.

These decisions must not only compel the employers to allow his employees to work for him on such terms and conditions as are laid down in this decision but also COMPEL THE LABORER to work for his employer on such terms and conditions.

The laborer may or may not like such terms and conditions, but if they

are embodied in this decision of the arbitrator he must work according to these terms. His right to freely sell his labor on such terms and conditions as pleases him is done away with so far as his decision may not agree with the decision of the arbitrator.

It must not be assumed that compulsory arbitration would only bind the employer and not his employee or that in all cases all demands of the laborer would be granted by arbitration. The first supposition shocks the American sense of fair play and the second is contrary to all experiences and any probable contingency.

Therefore, it follows that under compulsory arbitration the laborer must expect, a good part of his time, to work under terms and conditions which he does not like, which he does not agree to, and for an employer whom he does not want to serve.

To exactly this extent compulsory arbitration amounts to involuntary service or servitude and this means slavery. In its essence slavery is nothing more or less than complete involuntary service and as any scheme approximates to this it approximates slavery. Demagogues may come and demagogues may go; politicians ambitious for office for which they have no fitness may continue from time to time proposing first one and then another panacea for all the ills of the modern social system, but it will be many years, we take it, before the laboring man will be deluded into exchanging his right to work, for whom he pleases and on what terms and conditions are satisfactory to him, for a system which will compel him to work as a board or court of arbitration may see fit.

The danger of an arbitration board being bought up or influenced by the money of the wealthy employer, who may be a powerful syndicate or a Trust, is one of the reasons why some far-seeing labor leaders do not favor compulsory arbitration. This consideration is one that at least deserves serious thought on the part of every labor leader who is a real student of the question.

FOOT

Nearly Severed In Corn-Cutting Machine

Frank Gardner Meets With Bad Accident

Near Danville At 10 O'clock Monday Morning

A most distressing accident befell Frank, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gardner, residing near Danville, at about ten o'clock Monday morning while he was accompanying his father, who was working in a corn field near his home. Mr. Gardner had hitched up a horse to a one-horse corn-cutter, an implement much in use on the farm, and had driven to a neighboring cornfield with the intention of cutting what little corn remained uncut in the field. Noting his father's movements, the little boy requested that he be allowed to ride on the seat with him. To this, the father finally consented and the work of cutting the cornstalks was begun. All went well for a short time until a small ditch, which had been unnoticed up until this time, was struck by one of the wheels of the corn cutter. The machine gave a sudden lurch when it struck the ditch, throwing the child forward from his father's arm to the ground just in front of the keen blades of the cutter. When he fell, the horse became frightened and bounded forward. The knives struck the child on the right foot just at the ankle. The foot was nearly severed just above the heel. As soon as possible, Mr. Gardner reached the injured boy and carried him to the house where Drs. Coleman and Buxton, both of Howard, were summoned. The foot was bound into place by the physicians after the child had been given an anesthetic and it is hoped that it can be held in place long enough to unite. The latest report is that the injured boy is doing very well, considering the circumstances and nature of his injury. The accident took place on the Gardner farm on the Howard road just west of Danville.

BANNER WANT ADS PAY

FELL

Down Stairs And Was Painfully Injured

Miss Helen Nazor is confined to her home in Danville as a result of an unfortunate fall which she sustained while visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Colopy, who reside just east of Danville, on Sunday afternoon. Miss Nazor was going down a flight of stairs at the Colopy home when she caught the heel of her shoe on the corner of a step and fell head foremost down about seven steps. Fortunately, no bones were broken in the fall, but Mr. Nazor sustained a number of very painful bruises and sprains. Dr. Jefferson of Danville was called in attendance.

SAD NEWS

Received By Alvin Day While In Fredericktown

Wife Killed By A Fall In Mammoth Cave

Fredericktown, O., Sept. 26—Mr. Alvin Day, while visiting his brother, Mr. F. A. Day, and other relatives at this place, received a telegram Saturday that his wife, Mrs. Helen Day, had been killed in a fall in the Mammoth Cave, Kentucky. The particulars of her death were not given. Mr. Alvin Day was formerly editor of the Wyoming Democrat at Tunkhannock, Pa., and his wife was in the party with the members of the Buckeye Press Association, holding their annual outing at Cincinnati, while her husband was visiting relatives at that place. The party visited the Mammoth Cave Friday afternoon and Mrs. Day while going through the cave sustained a fall which resulted in her death. Mr. Day left Sunday morning for Columbus where he accompanied the remains to his home.

CIRCUIT COURT DATES

The circuit court of Ohio has fixed the dates for holding court in Knox county for February 14 and October 3.

VITAL WASHINGTON NEWS

TAVENNER, "WRITER AND THINKER," GIVES US THE FACTS AS THEY REALLY EXIST.

(By Clyde H. Tavenner)

Washington, Sept. 24—President Taft has made it plain that he hopes and expects to secure a renomination for the Presidency.

This means that he does not even yet see the point conveyed in the returns of the recent elections. It is evident to many that the President sees no significance in the fact that from Maine to California the candidates branded with his indorsement have been retired to private life by overwhelming majorities, while those having his opposition have everywhere been elevated by the people.

In view of the decisive repudiation of the Taft administration in the recent elections, it becomes interesting to know the identity of the men whose advice the President has followed to his political downfall. Here are some of the men in the Taft cabinet whose pedigrees make it plain why Mr. Taft's administration has failed to please the common people:

Attorney General George C. Wickersham—Former attorney for the sugar trust; (it was he who induced President Taft to recommend in his annual message against a Congressional investigation of the \$2,000,000 sugar trust underweight frauds;) Immediately upon taking office Wickersham dropped suits which had been started against the beef trust, taking the position that he did not believe members of the trust "meant" to violate the law and that nothing could be gained through prosecutions for "past" offenses; Wickersham wrote legal opinion vindicating Ballinger and indicting Pinchot and Glavis.

Secretary of State Philander C. Knox—Former attorney for the steel trust; hand of J. P. Morgan is seen by many in his conduct of the state department; the Manchurian proposal, for Wall street's benefit, made America the subject of laughter in every civilized land, and, with the Crane scandal, practically ended our influence for the doctrine of "the open door."

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson—Does whatever his superior officers (Taft, Aldrich, Cannon, et al) demand in order to hold his position; has shown himself to be an enemy of pure food laws by permitting manufacturers of food products to use benzoate of soda in any quantity desired; takes position retail merchants and not trusts nor tariff are responsible for increased prices. (This is official view of the Taft administration.)

Charles Nagel, secretary of Commerce and Labor—Former attorney for the Waters-Pierce (Standard) Oil company; he is at the head of the department in which is located the bureau of corporations.

Secretary of War Dickinson—Harriman and Illinois Central lawyer; showed his hand as a stool pigeon for the railroads by blocking an independent line of steamships to Panama.

Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh—His record is immaterial, as Aldrich is real head of currency and finance of country.

Ballinger—Exposed and discredited, but still in office.

Truth About Maine

Sufficient time has now passed to get the truth from Maine. Authentic reports show that the Democratic victories there were not won principally upon state and local issues as the Republican leaders have tried to represent. The most prominent issues

were:

Failure of the Republican party to fulfill its campaign pledge to revise the tariff downward, high cost of living, Cannonism, Haleism, questions pertaining to prohibition.

The Democratic congressional candidates promised to investigate and expose the following:

The cost of living as affected by the tariff and the trusts.

Extravagance in government expenditures.

The part played by Mr. Wickersham in the sale of friar lands in the Philippines.

The amount of money Cortelyou and other cabinet members squeezed out of plutocrats for campaign purposes when Roosevelt ran in 1904, and how much Hitchcock raised for Taft four years later.

The efforts of the trusts and syndicates to grab timber and mineral lands and water power sites and Ballinger's relation thereto.

The reasons why President Taft joins the Guggenheims in denying to Alaska territorial government.

The influences behind the rubber schedule, cotton schedule and wool schedule of the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill.

The part played by national officers in promoting the plundering of the civilized Indians of Oklahoma by lawyers, claim agents and politicians.

Generosity of Aldrich

Republican candidates for Congress boast of the generosity of Senator Aldrich in permitting a large number of articles to go on the free list in the new tariff law. And Democratic candidates are telling what the free list really consists of. Some of the things that the generous Rhode Island statesman permitted on the free list were joss-sticks, bladders, dried blood and horse hair. Then there are bird's eggs, lemon juice, turtles and junk. Also acorns, bones, ashes, zaffer, cargut, fossils, Brazilian pebbles and oakum!

Expensive Horseshoeing

One hundred and forty dollars for street car tickets; \$237.66 for horse-shoeing, \$429.55 for soap and brushes! These are a few of the small expenditures of the state department of the government in 1909. The horseshoeing item is a gem as a sample of the much boasted Taft policy of "cut-to-the-quick" economy. The item of \$237.66 refers to the shoeing of four horses for one year!

Tariff Increases Prices

Prof. J. P. Norton, of Yale university, declares that the "increased proportionate output of gold" is not the principal cause of increased prices. Prices in this country, under protection, have advanced 50 per cent more than in England, under free trade, he says. In all countries under the gold standard, the output of gold must operate uniformly. Therefore, Prof. Norton concludes, there must be some special cause at work in this country. He suspects it is the Payne-Aldrich tariff law.

A Growing Army

In the last eight years 99,225 federal officeholders have been added to the pay rolls of the national government, at an annual increased expense to the people of more than seventy million dollars.

The News of Dress Trimmings

One of the brightest spots in the store is the Trimming section, rich with beautiful colorings and designs.

Paris says: "Cashimere and Persian colorings," and much in evidence are these effects among the beautiful delicately colored and gold effects holding almost a permanent place in the favor of Dame Fashion.

All-over Nets, Bandings, Net Insertions, Medallions, Garnitures, Ornaments, Fancy, Narraw Braids, etc., richly embroidered in silks, gold and silver and elaborated with crystal and metal beads and bangles; in exquisite color combinations.

The J. S. Ringwalt Company

Fall Opening!

You are most cordially invited to attend our Fall and Winter Opening

Friday, September 30

—We are showing a full line of—

Tailored & Dress Hats

Also the latest novelties in Millinery. Popular priced hats a specialty.

McHale's Millinery Store

124 S. Main Street

An Invitation

I cordially invite you to my Tailoring Parlor, to inspect my new Importations for Fall and Winter. Stock new and Nobby and Workmanship first class.

John R. Doelfs

PRACTICAL TAILOR AND CUTTER

Opera House Block

Mt. Vernon, O.

MILLINERY OPENING

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 30

PARIS AND N. Y. PATTERN HATS

ALL THE NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON. COME.

Misses McGough & Dermody